

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF IOWA  
CEDAR RAPIDS DIVISION**

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

vs.

EDWARD HAROLD COREY,

Defendant.

No. CR05-0057-LRR

ORDER

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This matter appears before the court on the defendant's motion for credit toward his sentence for time that he spent in jail prior to the date that the court sentenced him (docket no. 126). The Clerk's Office filed such motion on October 29, 2007. 18 U.S.C. § 3585 directs that a defendant "be given credit toward the service of a term of imprisonment for any time he [or she] has spent in official detention prior to the date the sentence commences [if the official detention was] a result of the offense for which the sentence was imposed . . . ." 18 U.S.C. § 3585(b)(1).

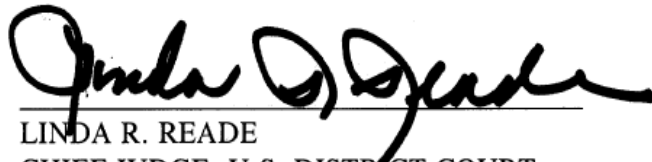
[T]he Attorney General, through the Bureau of Prisons, has the responsibility for computing a sentencing credit under [18 U.S.C. §] 3585(b). *United States v. Wilson*, 503 U.S. 329, 334-35, 112 S. Ct. 1351, 117 L. Ed. 2d 593 (1992). . . . The Bureau of Prisons is responsible for computing the sentence credit after the defendant has begun serving his [or her] sentence. *Wilson*, 503 U.S. at 335; *see also United States v. Moore*, 978 F.2d 1029, 1031 (8th Cir. 1992). Prisoners are entitled to administrative review of the computation of their credits, 28 C.F.R. §§ 542.10-542.16, and, after properly exhausting these administrative remedies, an inmate may seek judicial review through filing a habeas corpus petition under 28 U.S.C. § 2241. *Wilson*, 503 U.S. at 335; *United States v. Pardue*, 363 F.3d 695, 699 (8th Cir. 2004). These are the

proper avenues through which [a defendant] may resolve any dispute about the length of his [or her] time in state custody.

*United States v. Tindall*, 455 F.3d 885, 888 (8th Cir. 2006). Clearly, the court does not have the authority to credit the time, that is, 574 days, that the defendant spent in jail prior to being sentenced. Moreover, the defendant makes no assertion regarding the administrative remedies he pursued, and, rather than file a habeas corpus petition under 28 U.S.C. § 2241, the defendant elected to file the instant motion in his underlying criminal case. Accordingly, the defendant's motion for credit toward his sentence for time that he spent in jail prior to the date that the court sentenced him (docket no. 126) is denied.

**IT IS SO ORDERED.**

**DATED** this 7th day of November, 2007.



LINDA R. READE  
CHIEF JUDGE, U.S. DISTRICT COURT  
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF IOWA